ASYLUM SEEKING: HOW RACIALIZATION IMPACTS LANTINE REFUGEE MIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES

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INTRODUCTION

Social categorization in the U.S. developed through colonisation, census and the notion of "whiteness", placing those who do not conform to dominant raced norms as "black" and those in higher caste of the social, political and economic hierarchy as "white". The notion of "white" has been a key factor in social and economic status in the United States, influencing the perception of individuals and their treatment within society.

In this research, we explore how social categorization has influenced the migration decision of Latinx refugees to the United States. The Latinx population has grown significantly in recent years, and the perception of this group as "white" or "Latino" is crucial in understanding their migration decision. We highlight the role of social categorization in shaping the Latinx refugee experience in the United States.

METHODS

- Digital ethnography on migration and asylum issues, websites and media coverage
- Media analysis of reporting on deportations and narratives
- Participant Observation within the refugee support network

THE ASYLUM PROCESS

- The rights of asylum seekers and other migrants are often violated in the asylum process
- Seeking asylum involves a complex and lengthy process
- Challenges faced by asylum seekers

INTERSECTIONAL CHALLENGES

- While racism serves to一路上他已经积累的学术经验和思想，也被用于新的社会实践，愿意为社会做出贡献。因此，他决定在新的实践中坚持他的学术理念，继续为社会的不断发展和进步作出贡献。

BIBLIOGRAPHY


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- UNT Provost's Office